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POETICAL PARAPHRASE.

Inscrib'd to the

Reverend Mr. Isaac Watts.

The SECOND EDITION, Corrected and Adorn'd with Sculptures.

To which are also added,

POETICAL PARAPHRASES on several

Other Places of Scripture. by Joseph Milterell

Nil Mortale loquor.

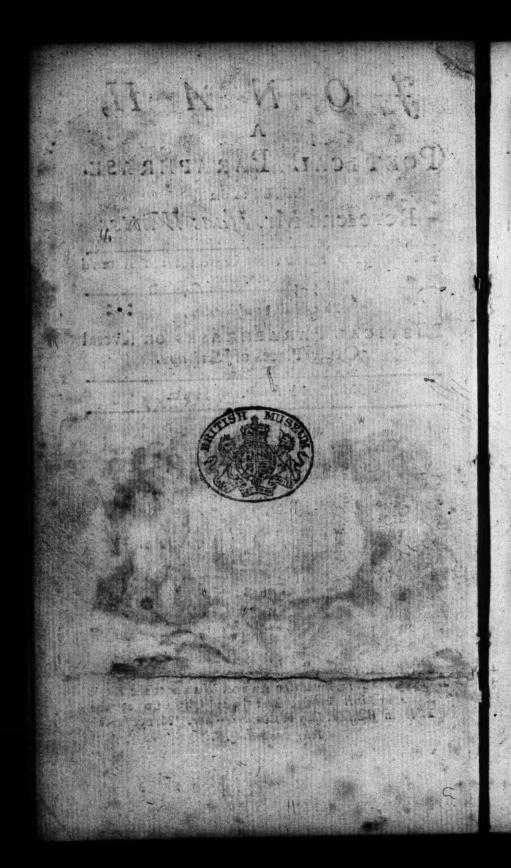
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To the REVEREND

Mr. Isaac Watts,

SIR,



NE reason of publishing this Poem, is, because so sew modern Authors employ their pens in

divine composures; which, of all others, best deserve to be attempted and read: And the A 2 only

only reason of this Dedication, is, to make a publick and thankful acknowledgment of your undeserved respect to me, who, at vast distance, endeavour to imitate your Muse.

I own, Sir, the prefixing of your name to any thing, I am capable to perform, can be no confiderable compliment, nor a fuitable expression of my gratitude, to you: And, after haying been so bold, as not to confult you upon a thing, which your modesty wou'd hardly have permitted, I ought to account my self very successful, if (in confideration of my having pass'd over your excellent Qualities in profound filence) vou SAL

you are pleas'd to forgive the freedom I have taken, on this occasion.

As I am extremely tender of giving distaste to you, by a sashionable representation of your ments to your self; so I will not impertinently describe them to the world, that knows you so well. Your own works praise you: And who has not read your works? While Poetry, sacred to devotion, vertue, and friendship, is duely valued by men; Mr Warra Horæ Lyricæ, and his other divine productions, will be savourite books.

As to my felf and this performance, I shall only say, that, what-

whatever exceptions may be made against it by the criticks; if it contribute to the great ends of poetry, the advancement of true virtue, and the reformation of mankind; if it may raise an emulation amongst our young poets to attempt divine composures, and help to wipe of the censure, which the numerous labours of the mules are justly charg'd with; if it ferve any of these purposes, I shall be satisfy'd, tho' I gain no reputation by it among those, who read a new poem with no other view, than to pass a judgment upon the abilities of the Author. If you, Sir, accept it, as a testimony of my fincere

cere respect, I shall easily endure the worst, that can be said

of it, by another.

It might have been more profitable, had I, like my fellow-Authors, address'd some great, mony'd, man, in a fulsom panegyrick, at the head of my work: Yet, I am sure, it wou'd not have been so honourable for me, who cou'd not, without breach of duty, inscribe it to a different name; nor wou'd my poem have got such a sanction from a patron of less allowed skill, in the heavenly art.

May your God, whom you ferve in the known character of a good christian and a good poet,

poet, rebuke your tedious indifpolition of body, whereby the publick fuffers to confiderably. And may you long be preferved for the common benefit of your country, till a brighter scene of transport and immortality is open d.

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with the greatest Truth and Respect,

SIR

Your most obliged.

and most obedient Servant,

TORERH MATCHELL

in blat ti coital





OW Heav'n, provok'd, an awful look assumes, And human kind to just de-Struction dooms; What wrests the thunder from Febouab's hand,

And faves, from ruin, a rebellious land; What reconciles the furious winds to peace, And makes the waves their fierce contention cease;

Sing

Sing, heav'nly muse, in thy religious strains.

The pleasure will compensate all the pains.

" Eternal spirit; favour the design,

Inspire my Thoughts, and polish ev'ry line.

"Where facred precepts oft fuccesses prove,

Examples, to advantage shewn, may move.

In early times, well known to publick fame,
A City flourish'd, Nineveh by name,
First built, and peopled, by Assirian Bands,
That spread their conquests o'er the eastern lands.
Armenian Tigris thro' her forc'd a way,
With stream majestick, to the Persian sea.
Walls high and broad were rear'd for her desence,
Fifty long miles in wide circumserence.
As shrubs are lost beneath the awful shade
Of tow'ring trees, she rais'd her losty head [great!
O'er neighbouring towns; at home more rich, and
Abroad more sam'd for merchandise, and state!

But, ah! how basely Men dominion use, And providence's liberal gifts abuse?

What

What dire effects from ease and plenty flow? And to what heights does vice, unpunish'd, grow? Lust, rapine, blood, idolatry, and strife, (The fure attendants of luxurious life) Like floods, unbounded, pour d their forces in And Ninevel was delug'd o'er with fin. What foreign foes cou'd not, by force, obtain, Thro' many a long, and hazardous, campaign, Was basely yielded, by themselves, in peace, of As people grew effeminate by eafe. Now, lofing fense of honour, and of fame, They reign in vice, and triumph in their shame; Like brutes undisciplin'd, licentious, rove, And act whate er their fancies most approve. Here, adoration to the stones is paid. There, guilty Lovers in the streets are laid. Riot and Death in ev'ry corner reign, And the whole city turnd a hideous scene. Now, nigh an end appears the day of grace. And Judgment ripens to destroy the place; On wings of wind, the ministers of wrath Equip themselves, to scatter gen'ral death, When foothing mercy thus, for patience, cry'd, " Must Nineveli be then, at once, destroy'd? B 2 cc Trues

"True, she has sinn'd, and merits dreadful woe;

But, does Heav'n always treat its Creatures fo?

" Thou useft not to punish all alike,

. And unrelenting, in thy justice, strike.

"With those, that better means have had, than they,

Who blindly winder from thy righteous way,

"Wile thou deal kinder? Shall thy mercy spare

" Ungrateful Rebels, and be wanting here?

" Perhaps, were they instructed in thy law,

"They'd ferve thee better, and stand more in awe:

" Or, were they warn'd, before the woe is fent,

"They'd hear thy voice, and, as they hear, repent.

" O lerethy goodness still its sway maintain,

" And prove the glory of th' Almighty's reign.

" May Mercy, with engaging charms, arrest

" Thy hand, and thence the vengeful thunder wrest.

Th' Almighty hearken'd with a gracious ear, And had regard to the prevailing pray'r; By it o'ercome, aside his wrath he laid, And, full of pity, threat'ning Angels staid.

Then foon to Jonah, old Amittai's fon, In Judah's land, was God's commission known.
"Haste,

Now

- " Hafte, Propher, hafte to Nineveh the great,
- " And warn the people of approaching fate;
- " Tell 'em, from me, that, e're the night and day
- "Twice twenty times, by turns, affert their fway,
- " Their boafted numbers, to destruction doom'd,
- " Shall fudden be, like Sodom's fons, confum'd;
- Unless, by speedy penitence and pray'r.
- "They gain admittance to our gracious ear-

The Prophet's mind a sudden terror fill'd,
And, thro' his veins, a trembling horror thrill'd;
O'er all his vitals dire confusion hung,
And falt'ring accents die upon his tongue.
His limbs turn feeble, hairs as bristles rise,
Pale grows his face, and darkness strikes his eyes.
This way and that he turns his thoughtful mind,
Now loves, now slights, the purpose he design d.
Sometimes resolves, his message to perform;
Sometimes he dreads, to plunge in such a storm.
Pensive in doubt his way-ward mind remains.
Till slavish fear the government obtains.
The dastard passion drives him blindly on,
"Till sense of shame and gratitude was gone.

B 3

Now he, distracted, makes attempt to fly,
And hide himself from the omniscient eye.
Vain man! to think there was a distant land
Beyond the reach of an almighty hand:
Or he, who knows the inward heart of man,
Does weigh each word, and ev'ry action scap,
Cou'd not pursue the sinner, where he goes,
And overtake him with avenging woes.

In th' utmost coasts of Judah is a scene,
Where Taurus' cliffs o'erlook the spacious main,
That Dan's bless'd off-spring, in their portion, got,
When Jacob's race did Canaan share by lot.
Hither the flying Prophet came, and sound,
Evn to his wish, a ship for Cydnus bound;
Distrusting Meav'n, sought safety from the Sea,
And hop d to 'scape the dangerous Nineveb.

The passage hir'd, the shouting fellow-train
Their Canvas spread, and launch into the Main.
Assisted by a gentle gale of wind,
They skim the deep, and hope the port assignd.

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Then from his high Empyreal abode,
In storms and tempests down Jehovah rode.
A dark pavilion o'er the deep he spread,
And, from the awful gloom, he, threat'ning said.

- " Does Rebel Jonah try t' elude my fight,
- " Or ward my vengeance, by his speedy flight?
- "Tho' from the land, where I am known, he flies,
- " Hopes he to sculk from my omniscient eyes?
- " And were he fafely landed on the shore,
- " Cou'd Tarfus hide him from avenging pow'r?
- "But soon, as I confound the spacious main,
- " He'll know that universal is my reign.

He said, and sudden from their noisy cave,
Th' imprison'd winds, in hasty tumult, rave.
Thunder and lightning, with portentous glare,
Incessant slash, and grumble thro' the air.
Dread Hurricanes, and raging tempests, rise,
Embroil the deep, and dash the distant skies.
A gloom of clouds the face of day o'er-spreads,
And wild confusion fills the oozy beds.

Now Alps of water bears the veffel high; Then, buried in th' abyss, she seems to lye. The fails are torn, the ropes afunder break, The sides are bruis'd, and slipp'ry is the deck. A ghastly paleness, in each face, appears, And Death, portended, aggravates their fears. To their deaf Gods the Sailors turn their eyes, And tell their case, in disregarded cries. Some, on their knees, old Ocean's grace implore, And, to appeale him, facrifice their store. To Leda's fons fome tell their mournful tale, And some with Fove endeavour to prevail. Like Baalant's Prieffs, they cry aloud, in vains No fancy'd God, or knew, or cur'd, their pain. Relentless Justice heightens still the storm, And ruin stares, in ev'ry frightful form.

But Jones, harden'd in his dire offence,
And thoughtless of the turn of providence;
Howe'er the cause of all the threat'ning woe,
Retir'd alone, and hid himself below.

Afleep, or frunn'd, no dangers cou'd awake A. His fenfeles mind, 'till thus the Pilot spake;

.. Thou

Labraga the deep and deal

- "Thou fluggard, who, amidst our common woes,
- " Can'ft thus, unmov'd, thy felf to death expose;
- What art thou? Where are all thy fenses gone?
- " Ha'st thoung God? Or know'st thou there is one?
- " Shake off thy flumber, and devoutly fue
- " For common fafety to thy felf, and crew.
- " Perhaps thy guardian, for thy fake, may fend
- " Relief to thee, that may us all befriend.

Thus he most sluggish was, who most had sinn'd.
And thus a Heathen rouz'd a Prophet's mind!

Mean while the failors hold a hot debate

About the cause of their impending fate.

One reckons murder is the fatal spring;

Another treason 'gainst the State, or King.

But all agreed some impious wretch was there.

On whose account, the Gods were so severe:

And all resolv'd to find him out, by lot,

Whoe'er he was, or whatsoe'er his fault.

10 7 0 N A H.

Now, one by one, their trembling hands advance!

Each was afraid the lot shou'd prove his chance.

Each looks with terror on his actions past,

And, at the thoughts of dying, stands aghast.

Each thought the tempest for his crimes was sent;

And all look'd pale about the dire event.

Vain were their fears; for Jonah was to come, Jonah! the cause, the subject, of the doom. The trembling wretch, no sooner shook the urn, Than all their eyes on him, the guilty, turn. All, curious, press to learn from whence he came, What his condition was, and what his name. Conscious of ill, he feels an inward smart, And sad distraction rages in his heart. His outward form declares his secret pain; For looks the language of the soul explain.

How easy 'tis for men to murder same!

But who can stifle his own sense of shame?

The wretch, that to an abject state is thrown.

Than mankind's savour, loses more his own.

Anarther worker technicality States on Killies.

There

There is a judge in ev'ry human breast,
The source of constant trouble, or of rest.
This inmate friend, or soe, will still prevail,
And overtake the sinner under sail:
Swifter than wind, it slies where'er he goes,
And bears along a Train of cutting woes.
No crime so secret, but it ponders well,
And reprehends with an interior Hell.
This guest, unseen, now dreadfully appears,
To hollow Rebel thro' the Prophet's ears.
Prompted by it, he frank confession made,
And, after silence was commanded, said;

- " 'Twou'd be in vain for me, with fly deceit,
- " To plead not-guilty, and my cause debate.
- " He, whom the jarring elements obey,
- Who governs all things with despotick fway,
- "To whom all nature's open at a view,
- Wou'd foon my crime, as now he does, pursues
- "Favour'd as others of that chosen race,
- The feed of facab, objects of his grace,

- My lot was cast in Judah's pleasant land,
- " Where joyn'd I was to a diftinguish'd band,
- "That knows God's mind, and bears his high com-
 - " Long had I dwelt in Sion's holy hill,
- « And prophefy'd to men my mafter's will,
- "When, by commission, I was charg'd to go,
- " And warn th' Affricas of approaching woe.
- "Yet, much distrusting providential care,
- I rather chose to fly, than perish there.
 - " Unthinking wretch! to disobey my God.
- Since fad destruction waits his awful nod;
- " And they, that fin against the clearest light,
- " Provoke him most t' exert his vengeful might.
- « Now, here I stand an object of his wrath,
- "And, for my fake, you're all expos'd to death.
- " Ye charge the horrours of the deep in vain,
- " And, to deaf idol Deities, complain.
- " His word, that turn'd these wat'ry worlds to flame,
- That flame to rempest, can alone the tempest tame.

The failors now, with this account, amaz'd, All trembling stood, and on each other gaz'd. A deadly cold ran shiv'ring to their hearts, Thrill'd in their veins, and froze their inward parts! All, for the Prophet, utmost pity show'd, And, as they cou'd, the sinking vessel row'd. But winds rage furious, swelling billows roar, Clouds clash with clouds, and lightnings play the All nature wore confusion in her face, (more. And seem'd as jostled from her proper place. The luminaries of the Heav'ns were pent, And sheets of curling smoke involv'd the sirmament.

So, when the grim Inhabitants of Hell,
From realms of light, for disobedience, fell,
Nothing was heard around the dreary coasts,
But sullen moans and cries of tortur'd ghosts:
And nought was seen, but gleams of sulph'rous light,
Which joyn'd the gloom, and made more dreadful
night.

Now hopes were lost, and all essays thought vain, To Jonah thus the sailors turn again.

Since

Since by thy fault (as thou did'ft now confess)

We labour, helpless, in this dire distress,

"Tell, if thou know'ft thy pow'rful Deity's will.

How we may best the raging rempest still;

What means are needful, to appeale his wrath,

... And fave our felves, if possible, from death.

The prophet, trembling, made 'em this reply;

" T' atone for guilt, the guilty foul must die.

For me alone hath happ'ned all this woe:

" The storm is mine, not your avenging foe.

" Maké haste to plunge me, in the swelling deep,

" And all your cares, and all the winds, shall sleep.

Soon as the ship of such a weight is eas'd,

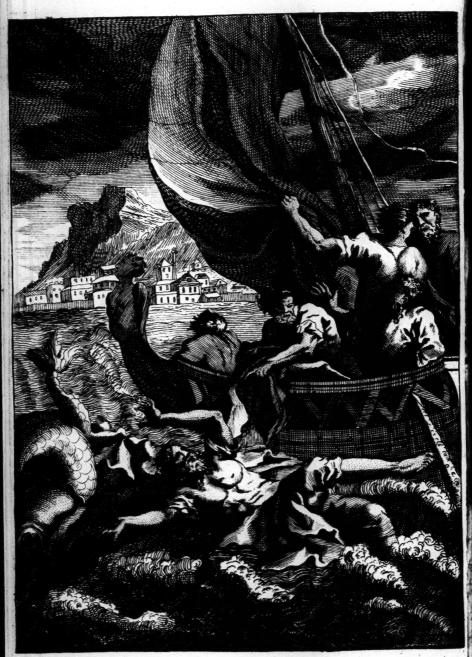
"A calm shall spread, and Justice be appear d.

Again, the pitying failors ply'd their Oars, With skill and strength, to reach the Tarsian shores. But ceas'd, at length, t'employ a sruitless care, And thus to Heav'n address'd their pious pray'r.

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- " O pow'rful being! of all Gods the best?
- " Regard, we pray, regard our fad request.
- "Thou know'ft, we thirst not for thy fervant's life,
- " Nor are we prompted by revengeful strife;
- "We cover not the riches he enjoys,
- " Nor is his death our pleasure, but his choices
- "Thee, by his crimes, he has enrag'd; and now
- " Thy Justice threatens to inflict the blow.
- "We Instruments are only in thy hand,
- To execute what justice does demand.
- "Then, from the guilt of blood, thy suppliants fave,
- " Nor fatisfaction, in thy fury, crave.

later of the long with his for land

With strange reluctance, the obedient crew Into the deep the Rebel Fonah threw. Down he descends; and o'er his destin'd head The waters close-he's number'd with the dead-But, as he finks, the winds retire apace, No more the billows ruffle Ocean's face; The clouds disperse, the air appears serene, And facred filence reigns o'er all the mainSo, at the dawning of our new made world, When jarring elements apart were hurl'd, Rude Chaos from his old dominion fled, And peaceful order round its influence spread.

Now; struck with wonder, all the sailors raise. Their grateful voices to th' Almighty's praise, Are taught with humble reverence to view. His wondrous work, and to his wisdom bow. No more they vainly pious tribute bring. To their salse Gods, but to th' eternal King. Him they adore, and beg his friendly hand, To guide 'em sase to the long wish'd-for land.

What sudden change! The sea is all serene, And gladness in each countenance is seen. All seize their oars, and, with elated minds, To urge their haste, invite the willing winds. The willing winds the spreading sail supply, While from each side the yielding waters sly. Upon the tide the wanton Dolphins play. And sair in sight appears the Tarsian Bay.

But Jonah, whom, of late, no ship cou'd fave, By care divine, rests in a living grave: With ardent foul to Heav'n for help he pray'd, And Heav'n, in pity, fent him speedy aid. The word was giv'n, and foon the fcaly herd Forgot their hunger, and the prey rever'd. Proud to attend the stranger, all draw nears 'Till their huge king, Leviathan, appear, That, as a mountain of enormous fize, Confounds the deep, and laves the distant skies O'er finny shoals maintains despotiek reign, And rolls, in state, thro' the capacious main-As yawns an Earth-quake, he, at God's command, Strange to relate! does his large Jaws expand, Disclose the hideous cavern of his womb. And there, alive, the trembling Seer entomb.

Now fafe within the monstrous Whale he lies.

And all the force of winds, and waves, defies.

Where light ne'er enter'd, now he draws his breath.

And glides ferene thro' liquid paths of death.

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Yet.

18 JONAH.

Yet, whilst our prophet is in prison hurl'd Thro' all the lab'rinths of the wat'ry world, By pow'rful faith, he overcomes despair, And, as from Hell, puts up this pious pray'r;

- " To thee, my God, enthron'd above the sky,
- " From dismal caverns of the deep I cry.
- " No floods, no billows can controul my mind;
- "The thoughts of man are ever unconfin'd
- "Unwearied, as the active flames, they move,
- " And wander thro' the distant realms above.
- For me, amidst the horrours of my case,
- "I'll hope for mercy, and implore thy grace.
- " While thou can'ft pardon, tho' thou look'ft fevere,
- "There's place for finner's hope, as well as fear.
- "Tho' here expell'd, and banish'd from thy fight,
- By faith, in my falvation I'll delight.
- Why shou'd I, helpless, in my ship-wreck, mourn,
- Since faith a judge can to a faviour turn?
- Tho' darkness round me all her terrors spread,
- The dreadful billows bellow o'er my head,

" And

- " And I'm confin'd in caverns of the main,
- " Amidst my woes, I'll faith and hope maintain.
- "Thou, who can'ft shake the center, can'ft controul
- " The rebel pow'rs of my tumultuous foul,
- " Restrain the wild disorder of my blood,
- " And fave me from the dangers of the flood.
 - " More readily, we cannot mercy plead
- " In our distress, than thou vouchsaf? It thine aid.
- " Soon as I, finking in the waters, cry'd,
- " Thy great command o'er-rul'd the booming tides
- " And fent this huge Leviathan, in hafte,
- " To fave my life, e're remedy was past.
- " Coud'ft thou, when fuch a guilty wretch did crave,
- " A miracle perform, his life to fave?
- "And shall I fear thou wilt not find a way,
- "To shew me yet the pleasant light of day?
 - " No: thou wilt back a humble captive bring.
- " And make thy Prophet, in Thy temple, fing.
- " I'll trust thy mercy, whose Almighry arm
- " Has pow'r to rescue me from ev'ry harm.
- " The time will come, when I, for my release,
- " Shall blefs my God, with offerings of peace.

"When

20 7 0 N A H.

- "When freed from all the fetters that furround
- " And hold me here, as in close prison, bound,
- " I shall again to men, thy mind reveal,
- " And of thy pow'r, thy love, and goodness, tell-
- " It shall be faid, thy arm deliv rance wrought,
- " And, from th' abys, a humble suppliant brought.
 - " Ye blinded zealots, who in error stray,
- And to deaf Gods your fenfeless homage pay.
- WYour vanities with fiery zeal purfile;
- Whilft I before th' Eternal's footftool bow :
- " He scorns the gifts of riches, and of art,
- . And loves the off rings of an upright heart,
 - " O! may I never tempt him, as before,
- " But always grateful, as I shou'd, adore;
- " By lip, and life, his glorious praifes found,
- " And spread the story of mercies round.

The Prophet's suit, with faith and fervour joyn'd, Soon reach'd his throne, and sooth'd th' Almighty's mind.

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From deepelt dungeons Pray'r can wing its flight,
And, uncontroul'd, invade the realms of light.
As fun-beams fierce, it scales Heav'ns lofty walls.
And the high portals open, when it calls.
It's pow'r cou'd stop the chariot of the sun.
And, to the flesh, bring back the spirit gone.

Now, thro' th' aby's the restless monster roam'd,
And, slound'ring high, anew the billows foam'd.
In spice of nature's strong and common laws,
hie's forced to expand his wide-devouring jaws,
And vomit forth, at the divine command,
Unhurt, the wond'ring Prophet on the land.

Thrice had the fun his daily race renew'd,
E'er Jonah, safe, his fellow creatures view'd.
A type of that far greater bliss to come,
When man's redeemer, buried in a tomb.
Shou'd ride victorious o'er infernal pow'rs,
Lead captive Death, and break his prison doors!

What can't th' Almighty pow'r of God perform?
His word can raife, and fudden calm a fform.
The

22 7 0 N A H.

The elements from nat'ral jarrs he keeps,
And makes unfrozen billows stand in heaps.
The dreadful monsters, that infest the main,
Are all obsequious subjects of his reign.
His word can frustrate Hell's pernicious ends,
And, out of cruel foes, make kind protecting friends.

Wet on the shore the wond'ring Jonah lay, When soon from Heav'n a voice forbid his stay;

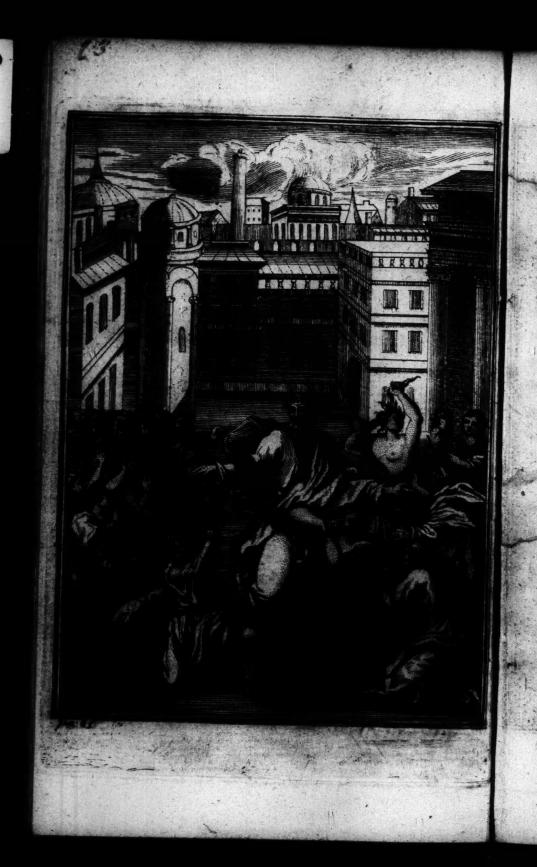
- " Haste, Prophet, haste to Nineveh the great,
- " And warn the people of impending fate;
- "Let thy experience teach, that, 'twould be vain
- " For thee, unpunish'd, to make shift again."

Now Jonah fearing God's displeasure more
Than he had done the wrath of men before,
To Nineveh directs his speedy pace,
Nor stop'd, 'till he had reach'd th' appointed place.
A place so spacious, that the circling sun, (run.
E're it was travell'd round, might thrice his journey

Aurora now had just begun to gild

The blushing skies, and animate the field,

When



When Jonah enters at the opening gates,
Nor for a crowded auditory waits;
But, breaking filence, boldly thus begins
To threaten judgments for their crying fins.

" Attend, ye destin'd citizens, and hear.

The dreadful message I, a Prophet, bear.

" To you I'm fent by the supreme command,

" Of him, whose scepter governs sea and land;

"Whose steddy ballance does the mountains sway,

"Whose rein the wild and barbarous beasts obey;

" Around whose throne, array'd in heavenly state,

" Myriads of Angels for their orders wait,

"In flaming fire, as on the wings of wind,

" To punish all that with presumption sinn'd.

"Thus, o'er Gomorrab, ripe for weighty wrath,

* At one dread nod, he spread a gen'ral death.

" And now, e're yonder globe of radiant light

" Twice twenty times dispel the shades of night,

"Great Nineveh, whose crimes for vengeance cry,

In ruinous heaps, Gomorrab like, shall lye.

Impartial justice, with a hand severe,

" No age, no fex, no quality will spare.

24 7 0 N A H.

- Riches and pow'r shall prove a weak defence
- " Against the bolts of God's omnipotence.

As boldly thus the Prophet cry'd aloud,
The streets turn'd frequent by the list'ning crowd.
All sorts of people press, his words to hear, (fear.
And, conscious of their guilt, the threat'ned vengeance

But who the pain, the destin'd wretches feel, Without a forrow, like their own, can tell? Uproar and noise the populous city fill'd, And, thro' all veins, a trembling horrour thrill'd. Some rave with madness, and confirm'd despair, Beat their swoln breafts, and tear their tatter'd hair: Whilst others draw in still-born founds their breath, And shiver at the fearful thoughts of death. All, earnest, turn to Heav'n their melting eyes, And plead for mercy with accented cries. Distinctions vanish in the common woe: All have deserv'd, and strive to ward, the blow. The King himself, the monarch of the east, Of highest pomp and luxury possest, Whose conquering arms, to distant nations spread, Make Princes slaves, and fill the world with dread; Soon

Soon as the fatal tidings reach'd his ears, Begins to think, and floops to humble fears, No more his gilded Royalty displays, But, clad in fack-cloth, most devoutly prays. Low on the ground he, prostrate, made his bed, Conven'd his council, and, with, haste decreed.

- "That all his people instantly shou'd bend
- " Before th' Almighty, and their Lives amend,
- " No more in ways of error loofly rove,
- "But converts to the rules of virtue prove;
- " Instead of mirth, with a sincere design,
- " Make publick vows t' attone the wrath divine;
- " For many days, nor man, nor beaft, shou'd taste
- "Their common fare, but keep a solemn fast;
- "The costly robes to rags of fack-cloth turn,
- " And know no pleafure, but repent and mourn;
- "That Heav'n, perhaps, might shew a gentle face,"
- " And justice yield to mercy's milder grace.

Now Ninevel another scene appears, Where laughter reign'd behold a flood of tears! Afflicted all, with penal fack-cloth clad, In ashes, prostrate on the ground, were laid.

no y neol y

26 9 0 N A H.

The stubborn minds, that never bow'd before,
With earnest vows th' Almighty's grace implore.
They change their thoughts, their crooked ways
(amends

And humbly strive to make their judge their friend; Push the last effort, to revoke their doom. And stop the judgments, now foretold, to come.

The news of danger haughty finners shake, And, at the fight of death, the stubborn Atheists (quake.

Mean while the Prophet leaves the humbl'd town,
And waits that God shou'd pour his vengeance down.
Alone he wanders, musing, in the fields,
And, on a hill, a simple lodging builds.
Impatient, oft he turns his gazing eyes
To Ninevelo, the hideous scene of vice.
Sometimes he look's for ruin from the winds;
Sometimes from angels, sthose celestial minds,
That round the throne of the Eternal wait,
To bear salvation, or vindictive sate.)
But vain his anxious hopes! to see the doom.
That he had threat'ned very soon wou'd come,

For

For now the cries of Nineveb for peace,
Prevail with Heav'n, and gain Jehovah's grace.
Mercy, scarce govern'd by eternal laws,
Exerts its force, and triumphs in their cause.
So sweet its air, so melting are its charms,
It oft with ease omnipotence disarms,
Changes his thoughts, his angry brow unbends,
And, of a foe, can make the best of friends.

The Prophet, as affronted, inly mourn'd, His eyes with fire, his breast with fury burn'd. Honour, a bubble which he vainly sought, He fear'd wou'd break, and he be set at nought.

What art thou, Fame, by mortals thus defir'd?

With hopes of thee, all human minds are fir'd.

Tho' few can be fo miferably blind,

As not to fee thee made of empty wind.

Like an enchanted palace in the air,

Thou mock'ft our grasp, and frustrat'st all our care.

In vain we strive, whilst envy has her strings,

To hold thee fast, and foar upon thy wings.

Yet were we of thy chiefest joys possest,

What surther pleasure cou'd inspire our breast?

D 2. What.

What benefit wou'd from the bubble grow, When in the Urn, unconscious, laid below?

The Propher's mind, now discompos'd by care, Was thus to Heav'n express'd in hasty pray'r.

- " Had I not reason from thy face to fly,
- " And chufe, than be affronted thus, to die?
- " Did I not know thou woud'ft too foon repent,
- " And Ishou'd be a lying Prophet, sent?
- " I knew my errand wou'd at length prove vain,
- " And, I return with dire difgrace again.
- " Mercy with thee's an attribute belov'd,
- " By which ev'n fate unchangeable is mov'd.
- " Now fince, as formerly I fear'd, my fame
- " Is, by this mercy, dash'd with endless shame,
- "What profits life? O let me rather die,
- "Than live on earth, and fuffer infamy.

factal too see!

- " Take from me, take this hated life away:
- " Death is the debt that I'm prepar'd to pay.

Th' Almighty heard, and thus with voice of peace To Jonah spake, and reason'd on his case.

8 MR 55



"Tis true, my Prophet, Niheveh has finn'd,

"And judgments, as thou threatned it, were deligned.

" But, at thy warning, all the people turn'd,

" And, low in fack-cloth, their condition mourn ds.

"The conduct of my providence ador'd,

" And mercy, with their earnest vows, implord.

Doft thou then well to chide my for reign grace,

" And grudge the good of a repenting place?

"Dost thou in mischief take a dear delight?"

Mave I done wrong, and art thou in the right

" Can anger help thee? Better 'tis to fear,

"And learn my dispensations to revere.

This spoke, to sooth the gloomy Propher's mind,
And prove a shelter from the sun and wind,
He gave command, and sudden, round his head,
A verdant Gourd her shadowing honours spread.
The Prophet, pleas'd, improv'd the sent relief,
Nor, whilst it lasted, more express'd his grief.
Secure beneath the fragrant fruit he sate,
To see the tow'rs of Ninus bow to sate.
But at th' approach of next returning day,
The plant that sudden sprung, as sudden dy d away.

D 3 Now

30 7 0 N A H.

Now eastern winds with blust'ring fury rife,
Vex all the air, and agitate the skies.
The scorching sun-beams play on Jonah's head,
Exhaust his blood, and lay him almost dead.
Fainting, he stretch'd his body on the ground,
And spoke his sorrows in a broken sound.
Weary of life he wish'd it had an end,
And begg'd that God would death immediate send.

Again th' Almighty—does my fervant well,
With rage, for losing of the Gourd, to swell?

The hafty Prophet, thoughtless, made reply;

- "Thou know'st I'm angry, and I wish to die.
- " Have I not cause, when life a bunden grows,
- To with for death, to finish all my woes?
- "Who cou'd fuch treatment patiently endure,
- And not defire that most effectual cure ?
- When honour's loft, 'tis a relief to die:
- For death's a fure retreat from wounding infamy.

Once more to Jonah great Jehovah spake;

Will thou, my fervant, such compassion take

- " Upon a Gourd, whose seed thou did'st not fow,
- " Nor wert at costly pains to make it grow?
- Dost thou, thus fondly, place thy dear delight
- « In what sprung up, and perish'd in a night?
- " For a frail plant cou'd'ft thou express such care,
- " And shou'd not I a pop'lous city spare?
- " Can'ft thou for fuch a trifle mourn, and yet
- " Obdurate look upon a finking state?
- " Is mercy strange? Have I not often sworn,
- " To fave the finners, that repent and turn?
- " To humour thee, and prop thy tott'ring fame,
- " Shall I my wonted love, and grace, disclaim,
- "Upon an humbled people pour my wrath,
- " And, while they cry for pardon, ftop their breath?
 - " Rash man! thy wicked murmuring forbear,
- " And think how good, how glorious, 'tis to spare,
- " Confider Nineueh's prodigious round,
- "In which a world of innocents is found.
- " If harmles flocks thy pity cannot move,
- " (Tho' ev'n for them I feel my pleading love.)
- " Can'ft thou no bowels of compassion find,
- 45. For tender babes, that never proudly finn'd?

32 JON A H.

" Coud'st thou see, blended in one common fate,

The young, the old, the lowly, and the great?

Behold their looks, and hear their moving cries,

With unrelenting heart, and with unmoist'ned eyes?

" No-I shall ne'er the city facrifice,

so chang'd of late, to humour thy caprice.

Then Jones, struck with sacred awe, adores Jeboush's conduct, and his grace implores; the longer for the city's safety mourns, But, into triumph, all his sorrow turns.

Be rouz'd, ye finners, and reform betimes,

E're threat ned judgments seize you for your crimes.

White mercy courts you with engaging charms,

Without deby embrace the offer'd terms.

E're long (perhaps, while ye are slumb'ring) Death,

In dreadful pomp, may lead the way to wrath.

All help, and hope, for ever disappear,

When Justice comes, your trembling souls to tear.

Before the shafts of heav nly rage are sent.

Already

Already Justice mounts an awful throne,
Prepar'd to hurl the bolts of vengeance down.
Thro' ev'ry land are heard the dire alarms:
The hosts of Heav'n seem all to be in arms.
Mercy and grace arrest the thunder now.
But cannot long divert the threat'ned blow.

Thou, Wats, whose pray'r can threat'ned woe suspend,

Live long an intercessor, as a friend.
Shou'd st thou, offended at our crimes, retire,
To thy own seat, in the celestial Quire;
Unless, Elijab like, thou leav'st behind
The pow'rful graces of thy God-like mind;
Soon wou'd our sins draw vengeance from the sky.
And Britain's boasted state in ruin lye.



He claims the prairie of the people mostly Whole arm appeared against the unfriencity

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Exobus, Chapter 15.

Th' Almighty's pow'r, and found his mercy's fame.

Sing of that God, who, strong, on Ifrael's side, Baffled th' Egyptian force, and overwhelm'd their pride-

The Lord's my strength, and Saviour: I'll rejoyce In him alone: To him exalt my voice. He claims the praises of his people most, Whose arm appear'd against th' unsriendly host. Jacob, by strength deriv'd from him, is strong, And he, who sav'd, deserves a grateful song.

The Lord is great: while he is our ally, We scorn the Heathen's rage, and all their pow'r defy.

He views the weak from his supreme abode, And, to their help, appears a gracious God. Legions of Executioners, prepar'd, Await his orders, for his Israel's guard. He saw his people slav'd in Egypt's land, And led them out with an up-listed hand. But all his vengeance waited on their soes, And Phare's forces felt the dreadful woes.

As he is ours, he was our father's God!

With grateful hearts, we'll rear him an abode,

A facred pile, an altar to his name,

There pay our vows, and there his grace proclaim;

Let's thankful prove for favours done before,

T'enfure his aid, when next our needs implore.

What pow'r like his? and who can fafely fland Before his justice, and clude his hand?
When, sheath'd in arms, he rises up to war, He shakes the fouls of proudest foes with fear.
Where is the host, that wou'd not chuse to fly?
Who wou'd not wish, at his approach, to die?
What dauntless Hero will his wrath engage?
What force can grapple with almighty rage?

Thy

Thy terrors, Lord, and what a mighty foe Thou art, proud Phare, and his followers, know. They faw thy rolling legions in array To shield thy Jacob, in th' appointed way. At thy command, the waves, like mountains, stood! Obsequious rose, in heaps, the foaming flood! 'Till Ifrael march'd, on folid ground, between, And, fafely, fung the wonders they had feen. But, when the foes, with reftless rage, pursu'd. Refolv'd on flaughter, and prepar'd for blood, Swift flew thy Orders, as on wings of wind, Smoke went before, and waters clos'd behind: The foaming billows in the van appear, And whelming furges hang upon the rear. Soon all their forces perith'd in the deep, And boaftful Pharo' funk into eternal fleep. Like stones, the horsemen funk in th' ocean's womb. And waves the whole artillery did entomb. The clashing floods foon cover'd all their pride. As stubble is, by wasting flames, destroy'd.

Who is thine equal, Lord? who can compare With thee; or who thy matchless glory share?

No bounds thy blifs, and fovereign sway, contains. No time's dimensions terminate thy reign. Thy deeds are strange, and just are all thy ways, Ev'n when thy sury all its force displays. Death and destruction wait thy awful Nod, To punish those, who dare provoke our God. While we, who share an int'rest in thy grace, See smiles and mercy shining in thy face. So, while th' Egyptians, buried by thy wrath, Lye deep in waves; thy Israel, sav'd from death, Under th' auspicious conduct of thy hand, Pass safe, and joyous, to their promis'd land.

Thy fame around, to distant nations spread.

Shall fill the heathens with confounding dread.

Moab, Palestine, and Edom, and the brood

Of Pagan Pow'rs, that long in Canaan stood,

Before thy arm shall sudden melt away,

Lye dead as stones, and senseles as the clay

And, when thou bidd'st give Jacob place, obey.

From us, O Lord, the objects of thy love,
Thy grace and goodness never shall remove.

E

Thy

Thy word shall stand to thy distinguish'd race,
And thou wilt lead us to th' appointed place,
Where Israel, sav'd by miracles of thine,
Shall praise thy name, and plant their colonies divine.

PSALM the 29th.

Prepare ye princes, who excel in might,
Prepare, to do your great Creator right.
Tis yours, who rule, his glorious fame to raife,
And teach your subject world the works of praise.
Free as his love, and, as his mercy, dear,
Altars, the scenes of sweet devotion, rear.
From sacred victims let the odours rise,
And prove your Temples pure, as Paradise.

"Tis He, the omnipotent, who loudly speaks, When dreadful din the clouds asunder breaks. The Ocean owns his empire, and obeys, When He the ensigns of his might displays, Whether calm peace serenes its billowy breast, Or wavy tempests roar it out of rest.

How

How full of pow'r his awful voice appears,
That, from their roots, the stately cedars tears!
His raging winds the trembling forests rend,
And proudest boughs, like humble oziers, bend.
His subtile lightnings fright the savage race,
And tow'ring hills leap, wondering, from their place.
The thunder's roar the whole creation shakes,
Bares the close covert, and the barrier breaks.

O happy Israel, shelter'd by your God,
When he, enrag'd, his terrors sends abroad.
Safe in his courts, your facred notes beguile
The painful hours; while peaceful olives smile.
And every fruit, that's pleasant to the taste,
Invites your hand, and speaks the danger past.
Your guardian's word makes threat'ning ruin cease,
Supplies your wants, and binds the world in peace.

And picked behavior of conjud of wors

My feeling the control of God.

Very, O fource of hers ducket.

would not a war as I had made

E 2

PSALM

PSALM the 42d.

ction teles and above Talken were

Corch'd up beneath Heav'n's burning beams, And quite fatigu'd with eager chace, The harr, in fearch of cooling streams, Flies, trembling, to a hidden place.

O hopy that the in your Gal.

Panting, in covert close, the lies, And waits the water's fall in vain: For want of wish'd refreshment dies, litting ... I Yet dares not venture from her den. Land) and intaks, the danger pale.

Your guardian's wood ante chest they rain enter

50, forc'd to quit thy bleft abode, And press'd beneath a crowd of woes, My foul aspires to thee, my God, To thee, who can afford repose.

PSALIE

I cry, O source of joys divine, When shall I at thy alters bow?

O when

Invites your

O when shall I, unbodied, shine,

And raste what I but long for now!

V.

Shall earth for ever be my home?

For ever must I drag my chain?

O bid me to thy presence come,

And leave behind a World of pain.

VI

While here confin'd, I feed on tears.

A fad repalt to finish'd grief!

And foes, incellant, wound my ears

With scoffing at my hop'd relief.

VII.

VIII

Hence, to the passing hours of day.

I beat the time in mournful fighs:

E 3

By night, I give my forrows way,

And pierce the shades with doleful cries.

IX.

Whene'er my musing thoughts present.
The happy day I once enjoy'd,
When I thy Temple did frequent.
With pious friends on every side.

X.

O how I'm pain'd, to call to mind, How, on high, folemn, days, I led The joyful, facred, throng inclin'd, To rival me, their royal Head!

XI.

But wilt thou ever, O my foul, Indulge thy melancholy grief? Can'ft thou be pleas'd with the controul? And use no cordials for relief?

XII.

Is hope quite lost? Is faith no more?

Has Heav'n no charms, no pow'r to save?

Were

Were none so much distress'd before?
What comfort is there in the grave?

XIII.

Exalt thy thoughts to realms above, And thence affur'd affiftance bring; Make him thy truft, who is thy love; Thou yet his praise shalt, joyous, sing.

PSALM the 107th. from Verse 22 to 32.

Bserving mortals, who, adventr'ous, try
The Sea, in ships, and threat'ning storms
defy,

When bufiness calls them, to unfur their fails, And, o'er the furface, scud before the gales, They see God's works, on the extended main. And view the wonders, which the deeps contain.

Strange fight! when God up-lifts his mighty hand O'er the broad floods, and gives the winds command

In tow'ring heaps the liquid mountains rife,
And Alps of water dash the vaulted skies.

Dread tempests rattle, loud the ocean roars,
And foaming surges lash the sounding shores.

What strange amazement strikes the sailors now, When swelling clouds adorn old Ocean's brow! By turns to Heav'n they mount with awful pride, As on the back of rising waves they ride. Then dreadful chasms, wide, open in their sight, And down they fall to dusky realms of night. Thro' daring minds distracting horrors thrill, And pannick fears the pale spectators sill.

How thro' the deep, by raging storms o'ercome, From side to side, the weary sailors roam!

The drunkard reels not with so small defence, When wine has robb'd his mind of common sense. In wild despair they stagger up and down, No help appears, and all their wits are gone.

Death frights their souls, and dimness clouds their eyes,

And nought is left but groans, and undigested cries.

Now to the sov'reign ruler of the sea.

Who on the floods array'd in majesty,

Maintains an empire with eternal sway,

Whose voice the winds and raging waves obey,

With one consent, they undistinctly roat.

And seek the mercy, they despis'd before.

The God, propitious, pities their distress.

And, with a nod, makes threat'ning tempests cease.

His pow'rful word makes ev'ry wave subside,

The waves obedient sink upon the tide.

A sudden peace controuls the troubled deep.

And all the shoaly train in grateful silence sleep!

Now, the poor failors, from distraction freed.

Exult in heart, and promise to succeed.

They see with joy the surface of the main.

Serene, and fit for merchandise again.

To their Deliverer grateful hearts they raise,

And vow obedience to him all their days.

He knows the disposition of their mind.

And wasts them to their haven by a gentle wind.

O wou'd the num'rous fons of Adam joyn
Their joyous praise in consort unto mine,
Thro' the wide world, th' Eternal's name should
spread.

And, in his wond'rous works, his gracious love be

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PSALM the 139th.

I.

And all the most; that is general flence

For 'twou'd be vain my actions to conceal,

From thine all-fearthing eye!

The works thy pow'rful hands have wrought,

In thy immensity of thought,

For ever open lye.

My rifing up, and lying down,

My very thoughts to thee are known!

Known, ere their fchemes are modell'd in my mind,

Before I can their form and likeness find.

Thy

Thy piercing knowledge fcans the whole machine And views the Embryoes of my heart within. Which way foe'er I turn my felf about, Thy Godhead finds me out ! Where'er I go, thou my companion art! Trace I the valley, wood, or hill, I cannot from omniscience start: Thou look'ft creation thro', and fee'ft me still ! Go I in publick, thou art there! In solitude, I'm ne'er alone! My bed is guarded by thy care! And all my fecret wispers reach thy throne ! Such knowledge is too great for man! 'Tis mystery all? who comprehend it can? It is a depth, that swallows up my mind! And, like thy felf, immense to all mankind ! Ev'n they, who think they understand it most, Bewilder'd are, and lost!

14

The malastra

Cou'd I so foolish, so perfidious, prove,
To think of once deserting God?
O whether cou'd my fancy mean to rove,
Where omnipresence keeps no fix'd abode?

Whether

Whether, ah! whether cou'd I run Thy universal influences to shun? To what retirement cou'd I fly, T' elude thy comprehensive eye?

If to the regions of eternal day

I take my hafty flight,

There, dazzled with immediate beams of light,

I durst not make a stay,

But downward feek my fafer way.

Then, shou'd I to th' abyss of hell.

For certain refuge go.

My bed is guide Ev'n there almighty terrors dwell,

And nourish never-ending woe.

Unable there my residence to hold,

If, next, the wings of light I take,

And, with a spirit, curiously bold,

Of some strange land a new discovery make,

Thy fwifter pow'r, would first arrive.

And there arrest the fugitive.

Beheath the cold, or burning, zone,

No spot remains to providence unknown!

O hide me, hide me, shades of night!

Thick darkness is a folid screen.

Vain wish! one glance of piercing light,

Can cut the veil; and make the finner feen.

Nor

Nor need'ft thou use our medium of day,

Thro' night's disguise to clear a way!

Enthron'd in light, thy self its facred spring,

Thou, with one undivided view,

Uncover'st darkness' closest wing,

And look st its horrors thro'.

m. di li v-noi

Thine are the springs, that life and motion give!

By thee alone, I move and live!

Long, 'ere my earliest rudiments of thought

Were found within my mind,

Thou laid'st the plan of me, now wrought

Into the likeness of mankind.

Betimes, I grew the object of thy care!

Each single thread, in nature's loom,

By thee, was fashion'd in the womb,

And curious was my whole provision there!

Each feature, ligament, and vein,

The very texture of my heart,

Were subjects of almighty art.

Well dost thou know whatever I contain,

And well thou can'st th' anatomy explain.

But whether tends this care divine? Why all that waste upon my poor machine? " My wonder, and my gratitude to raife. Yes, while I live, with deep amaze, I'll wonder at thy works, and fing thy praise. Let me into my felf retire, I cannot want materials for my fong: Reflection will the muse inspire, Awake my harp, and tune my lyre, And drop melodious homage from my tongue. Thy providence, thy thoughts of love, Which, fince the maze of life I trod, In spite of all my wanderings, gracious prove, Increase my wonder, and my debt to God. When shall my poor acknowledgments be done? When shall I pay the debt I owe? Each day, in more arrears I run! So high my great account does grow,

That ev'n revising seems but new begun!

Were Replicate of almostic pit.

M J A S T sopration where I contain,

TANKAN KAN I KAN I KANKANKAN

PSALM the 137th.

Was on the banks, which fam'd Emphrates laves. Sad Ifrael fat, beneath a gloomy shade, When flowing tears increas'd the crystal waves, And doleful groans a scene of horror made.

We, ruminating in our desp'rate grief, Recall'd past pleasures to our pensive thought; And future woes, debarr'd from all relief. Before our wild imagination brought.

Dear Zion's lov'd idea chiefly pain'd Our tender minds, and magnify'd our woe: In bounds, our forrows cou'd not be detain'd, Rememb'ring whence we were compell'd to go.

We gave our felves to melancholy's pow'rs Nor grudg'd to feel extremity of fate: Too much we cou'd not for our land endure, No forrows cou'd our mighty fufferings rate. The

M

The harps, which oft, in our Jehovah's praise, To solemn strains in gratitude we strung, (Our souls, now discord grown, and dull their lays,) On sympathizing willow-trees were hung.

Th' insulting victors our distress to crown,
And faster bind us in their cruel chains,
Wou'd, scoffing, have our Jewish musick shown,
To charm their ears, and moderate our pains.

- " Let's hear-faid they--fome chofen Hebrew fongs
- " One of the airy anthems of your land!

coce we were referrelled to act.

- " Such as once made your virgins trip along,
- " And your King David take his harp in hand !

Forbid it, Heaven, that e'er our notes rebound In vales unbless'd! O let no barbarous air Prophane the triumphs of a facred found! We have no numbers, but for dire despair.

No, dearest Zion, if we prove ungrate,
If, while thou mourn's we strike a chearful strain,
This ill be added to our ebb of state,
Let voice and lyre no more be heard again.

Silent

Silent for ever may our muses be,

If we rejoyce in such a tragic time;

If e'er we think, or dream of ought, but thee,

Let skill forsake us, for so sad a crime.

O dearest City! Temple of our God!

Pride of our nation! wonder of the world!

Tho' captiv'd far from thee, our bless'd abode,

Shall we from rev'rence to thy name be hurl'd?

Inhuman conquerors, give your mockings o'er, Infift not in your rigorous demand:
We rather chuse to tune our notes no more,
Than act such treason to our native land.

30

B

Remember, Heav'n, remember, and returns
With equal sufferings, Edom's barbarous spights
That urg'd our foes our palaces to burns
And laugh'd to see our buildings levell'd quite.

And thou, proud Babylon, to ruin doom'd, (If grief prophetic can foretel thy woe)

E're long shalt be, by justice' hand, consum'd,
And equal taunts, and equal bondage, know.

O bles'd

O bless'd reverse of fate! O happy they
Who shall thy streets, with slaughter's pomp, adorn!
With childrens limbs, and clotted brains, repay
The ruin, we poor captiv'd Israel mourn!

◆ MM ◆ MM ◆ MM ◆ MM ◆

The VIRTUOUS WOMAN,

Done from the last Chapter of Solomon's Proverbs.

R ange the wide world, and fearth with curious eye,

If you one Virgues Woman can defery.

Tis hard to find amongst the fickle race
A mind and practice, suited to the face.
But where true virtue on her charms do wait,
The Woman's precious, and her price is great.

No more the rubies vulgar stones excel

Than she her sex: But who can fully tell
What glories in her wondrous conduct dwell?

Page O

Her

1

Her happy husband, rais'd to fortune's height. Trusts her his all, with safety and delight. No jealous thoughts invade his peaceful breaft: No jarrs and strife his rolling years infest. He never needs to check her wild defires. Nor an account of what the doth requires. He knows the hates extravagance, and thives To keep the facred friendship of their lives. Her days devoted to his int'rest roll, While with her hands the works the flax and wool Frugality her management adorns, And to be idle, or supine, she scorns. As merchants bring their cargo from afar, And make their riches the effect of care; So the, industrious, eminent is made By toil domestick, as by foreign trade. E're fair Aurora, harbinger of day, Warns the dark shadows of the night away, From bed, the scene of pleasure and repose, She rifes up, and to her business goes. All in her houshold share her frugal spoil; She bribes their flomachs to engage their toil. Each gets his victuals from her careful hands, And each performs the tasks which she commands.

If the observes a pleasant fertile field, With the fweet fruits which honest labours yeild. She buys it up, and adds to her estate, And plants a vineyard at an equal rate. Her food and raiment naturally make Her body of wish'd vigour to partake. She fees the product of her merchandife And modestly approves her conduct wife. When nature lies enroll'd in robes of night Like leffer funs, her candles spread their light; While, with her maidens, frugally she plies The winding spindle, and the distaff tries. The poor and needy know her gen'rous mind, And from her hand diffusive favours find. Whate'er is more than ferves her moderate house She freely spends upon a pious use. No storms she fears from an inclement sky, Her houshold's cloth'd in robes of scarlet dye; For filk and purple her own cloaths are known; Embroider'd works her cov'rings nobly crown; Her husband shines upon the crowded streets, And still distinguish'd is when he in judgment sits.

and have by not well the first to the E.

The merchants buy, of her domestick care,
The finest linnen, and rich girdles wear.
With strength and honour is her person grac'd,
And lasting joy transports her honest breast.
To suture times her gladness shall remain,
Her soul is all delight, and all her works are gain.

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Whene'er she speaks, the smoothest eloquence Flows from her tongue, enrich'd with noble fenfe. Each word of hers drops wisdom gently down, Nor is her kindness and her love unknown. Well she observes the state of her affairs, Her houshold's conduct, and their frugal cares; She laughs at floth, and fcorns to have it faid, That e'er she eat of idleness the bread. Her happy children, with a grateful mind, Blefs their dear mother, whilft her husband kind With inward joy beholds his prudent wife, The comfort and contentment of his life; And ev'ry fit occasion takes to raise Her wondrous worth, and spread her proper praise. " In acts of virtue many have done well, " But you them all in ev'ry good excel.

ISAIAH.



ISAIAH, Chapter 13.

EE! Heav'n's dread banners, waving in the air, And fignals, scatter'd o'er the hilly ground. Shew the approach of vengeance. Hark! the noife Makes mountains tremble, and the vales return, In shuddering sounds, the weight and din of war, The stable rocks confess, with hideous groan, The burden of a God; whose awful call Summons the nations, far disjoyn'd, together; And, round his standard, congregates the pow'rs Of heav'n, embattled. Lo! the day is come! Awake, O land, and view difasters near. See terrors spread, and ruin stalks abroad. Already, fear and trembling feize the crowd. All hands hang down, and vilages grow pale, And, thro' each foul, convulfive horrors start. No wonder: 'tis th' Omnipotent, who comes, Array'd with glory, and begirt with strength. He comes revengeful. Prodigies prepare

His dreadful march: and wrath around displays
Its fatal figns, to rouze the flumb'ring world.
What thunders roar to charge the destin'd foe?
What arrows thirst for human gore? See! light'nings

Flash, in the van! and troops of death stalk horrid
In the destructive rear! All nature stands astonied,
And broad creation seeks to shun the fright.
How earth's foundation quakes? what dire convulsions

Reach heav'ns high arch? ha! sudden night o'erspreads

The starry frame, the planets sculk in clouds. The sun, amaz'd at dawn of day, retires To shades. Below destraction reigns around, And wild confusion rules the azure space.

Go forth (fays God) thou executing sword,
Ye various instruments of ruin, fly,
And punish this rebellious land. Allow
No quarter, nor compound with impious Man.
Against my foes my indignation burns,
And, on their land, my vengeance points its course.
Treasures of sury, and reserves of wrath,

Grown

Grown ripe with age, shall pour, at once, their force

Collected on this country. In a deluge Of purple dye, I'll bathe the vales around, And melt the mountains with the people's blood. The haughry chiefs shall seek, in vain, to hide Their destin d heads: and, with Plebeian clay, Shall royal carnage mix. He, who before did spurn My grace and bounty, low in dust, shall how! Beneath my might, and wish release, in vain. So desolate I'll lay this sinful realm, That savage brutes, at sight of human saces, Shall gaze, as men at prodigies, affrighted.

For now the day, the great, tremenduous, day, Big with the fate of Babylon, is come. The time is come, when God will pay th' arrears Of judgment, due to finners. It comes on Adorn'd with all the images of horror. The Heav'ns, afraid, forfake their place: and earth Shakes to its center, and th' Almighty shuns, While, brandish'd, in his red right hand, the sword

Of vengeance glares. Lo! Now the radiant fpoiler,

Fierce, urges on, and lays the country waste.

Where'er his course the angry victor bends,

Ruin, in all its horrid forms, pursues,

No age, no sex, no different rank, or state,

From common ravage and destruction freed,

Escapes the pointed mischief. Pow'rs ally'd,

Partake the people's fate. Promiscuous, all

Mix in the carnage, as in sin combin'd.

Mark! how th' insulting conquerors march on,

With lust and rage, inspir'd. What blood, what

rapes,

Cry horrible to unrelenting actors?

How is the fruit of the maternal womb

Blasted in blossom? What sharp pangs are selt

By tender mothers? How the infants draw

Their breath in torture; and, at dawn of life,

Sink in eternal death? They see the light,

And, as they see, expire! afflictive scene!

Behold the Medes, a formidable race! Hasten to spoil. See! how, in dread array,

Their

Their legions stretch along contiguous lands!

They move in triumph, and exult in strength.

What schemes of death, in ev'ry soldier's thought,

Are deep revolv'd? Their generous souls contemn

The Persian luxury and wealth. Dauntless, they

march

To execute th' Almighty's will. Where'er they

The destin'd foes must yield. Idly, they scorn To bend the bow. On every dart, the stings Of death attend. No quarter they allow, And none in pity spare. All share the sate Of bloody war, and desart turns the land.

And thou, O Babylon, the great! the proud!
Think not to 'scape. Tho' now the boasted head
Of the Chaldean glory, thou shalt fall.
No more shall nations bend before thy throne,
No more shall tribute humbly wait thy nod.
Low on the ground, thy tow'ring pomp shall lye,
And deep in ruin shalt thou hide thy head.
The stately walls, which now, with impious height,

Conceal the clouds from human eye, shall fink
Abject

Abject in earth. The glorious piles, that foread Lustre around, and rival stars, shall waste In all-devouring stames. Nor shall mankind Repair thy ruin'd domes, thy walls, destroy'd; No pitying hand exalt thy humbled state. To all succeeding times thou must remain An exemplary scene of woe: for ever lye As curst Gomorrab, that, with vengeance due, Was burnt in sires, for far less burning lust.

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The day's at hand, when on thy fruitful foil,
The product of their labour none shall reap.
His tent the wand'ting Arab will not spread,
Nor make thy ground his place of rest. Tho' faint
With travel, he will scare his herd
From thy embitter'd flood. The careful shepherd
Will warn his roaming flocks from thy remains,
As o'er thy ruin'd battlements they stray,
Or in thy lowly tow'rs attempt to graze.
Strangers shall say, ah! where is Babylon?
And when they find where once thou wert, they'll

Let's shun this place, for 'tis accursed ground.

No humane kind thy wilderness shall bless.

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Nought.

Nought, but the savage beasts, and birds of prey, Shall fix their hideous habitation there.

To them ungrateful men shall quit their seat.

To them, thy marble roofs, and cedar rooms, Shall then be dens. Thy courts of justice then Shall be their haunts of state. There shall they plod

For blood, where tyrants bore their spoils of old, There in wild harmony shall they convene, And triumph, in their turn; more innocent Than men had been, who govern'd there before.

How will the mournful fatyrs there bemoan,
And ghosts glide horrible along thy ruins,
To view where their unburied bodies lay?
There shall the owls and dragons load the air,
And strike the trav'ller's ear with dismal sound.
All the obscener birds of dusky night
Will there resort, and hide themselves from day.
Voracious monsters there shall find repose,
And hooping horrors make the place more baleful.
Forboding sowls and ghosts, confus'd, shall dwell,
And speak their dire presages on the walls,
With earth laid level. This, O Babylon,

Is thy just doom, the punishment of guilt.

Thus will th' Almighty, patient long, exert

At last his vengeance on an impious race.

Who scorn'd his warnings, and refus'd his grace.

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ISAIAH, Chapter 63. To the 8th Verfe,

Prepare the way--a godlike form I fee—
He comes with more, than human majesty I
Before him, clouds, in hasty tumult, slow,
Amazing terror fixes on his brow.

Ten thousand glories shine around his head.

His heav'nly eyes a dazzling splendour spread.

A garment roll'd in scarlet blood he wears,
Haste, in his steps, and dreadful pomp appears.

Along the Idamean road, in state,
He travels streight from Bozrah's splendid gate.

Observe with wonder his majestick pace,
His mien how solemn, and how bright his face I
Behold he comes----But who can rightly tell

What is his name? or who describe him well?

Hark---Lo he speaks! I hear a sacred sound--Nature shou'd spread the wond'rous language round-

"Tis I (he fays) who mighty am to fave,

That conquer'd hell and spoil'd the gaping grave;

"Whose faithful promise, like my self, is sure,

And whose uprightness suits my perfect pow'r.

But fay, great man, or God, instruct me why You come array d in robes of scarlet dye?

Tell, mighty hero, why enroll'd in blood,

Like one, that in the tainting vine-press stood?

Again he speaks----Let mankind lend an ear.

* For you these garments drench'd, so red, I wear.

"For you I've trod th' unweildy press alone

" And, in my fury, stamp'd my enemies down.

"The work, which human forces could not do,

" Without affistance, I have done for you.

"The Angels trembling at a distance, stood,

" And own'd the labour worthy of a God.

Enrag'd, I squeez'd the engine with my hand.

" For what before Omnipotence can stand?

"In triumph, I the frame of nature shook,

To accomplish what I gladly undertook.

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- " The blood gush'd out from Edom's bursted veins,
- ". And chequer'd all my robes with ornamental flains.
 - " At length the great tremendous day is comes
- "When Antichrist shall have his fatal doom-
- " My heart has study'd just revenge, till now,
- " No longer foes my faints shall fore pursue.
- " I'll rescue those, I have redeem'd, from harm,
- "And who were late oppress'd shall bless my faving arm.
 - "Tis done--- The great important work is done,
- " Altho' I call'd, but helped was by none.
- "Nor Heav'n nor Earth their kind affistance brought:
- They stood spectators while I singly wrought.
- " Deferted thus, with wonder and surprise,
- " I resolutely seiz'd mine enemies,
- " Laid hold on fury for my strong support,
- " Exerted vigour in a bold effort,
- " In pangs of death triumph'd o'er all my foes,
- 4 And put a period to my people's woes.

- . Let hell and all its legions in array
- " Combine, and warlike engines joyn'd display,
- " Oppose my glory and my people's good,
- " I'll write my victory in their blackest blood.
- Mine arm has might to crush them all alone,
- " And on their ruins rear a facred throne.
- Their deepest plots shall be discern'd and broke,
- " And highest pillars reel beneath my stroke.

Thy faints, O Lord, with grateful fongs shall raise

Their fouls to thee, and spread thy glorious praise-For me, inspir'd with wonder, love and joy, My tongue and pen to thank thee I'll employ. So great and numerous all thy mercies are, Eternity is short my duty to declare.



I TIM. 6.6. In a Letter to a Friend.

Believe it, Sir, he's neither rich, nor great,
Who boasts th' enjoyment of a vast estate,
Gay buildings, splendid titles and renown,
Unless his fortune true religion crown.

11

If cank'ring cares invade the owner's breaft,
Or thirst of fame disturb his peaceful rest;
If sense of guilt his weary mind perplex,
Or ev'ry adverse dispensation vex;
Amidst his high possessions he is poor,
More wretch'd than those, who beg from door to
door.

True greatness lies in riches of the mind;
And happy they who can that treasure find.
It bears no lustre from descent of blood:
But he's made noble, who was first made good.
All other gain is useless to the soul.
The streams of bliss alone from true religion roll.

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The man, who, well contented with his state, Detoutly keeps the laws of God, is great. His conscience pure affords a constant seast, And sensual joys are nauseous to his taste. He strives the way of error to decline, Well pleas'd to suffer rather than to sin. With Heav'n, where his affections center'd are, He holds a friendly intercourse, with care. Dead to this world, he knows no other strife, Than tends to six him in a better life. From grov'ling joys, he daily learns to rise, Scorn this dark scene, and claim the brighter skies.

To such a man no grisly form appears,
His mind is free from all tormenting fears.
Nothing comes wrong, to him for tryal sent;
'Tis God that orders, and he rests content,
Faith in the precious promises supports
His soul, 'midst Satan's ruining efforts.
He seels within a present dear delight,
And what he hopes for animates his slight.
The pow'r whose will he labours to obey,
Preserves him safe, and guides him in the way
To the blest seats of everlasting day.

REVELATIONS, Chap. 1. from Ver. 13.

WHO cou'd, and yet outlive th' amazing fight,

O who cou'd stand the stress of so much light!

Amidst the golden lamps the vision stood,

Form'd like a man, with lustre of a God.

A kingly vesture cloth'd him to the ground,
And radiant gold his facred breasts surround:
But all too thin the Deity to shroud,
For heav'nly rays pierc'd thro'th' unable cloud.

His head, his awful head, was grac'd with hair, As fost as snow, as melted silver fair; And from his eyes such active glories slow, The seraphs well might veil their faces too.

His feet were strong and dreadful, as his port, Worthy the Godlike form they did support; His voice resembled the majestic fall Of mighty waves: 'twas great and solemn all.

His

His pow rful hand a starry scepter held,
His mouth a threat ning two edg'd sword did wield,
His face so wondrous, so divinely fair,
As all the glorious lights had been contracted there.

And now my fainting spirits strove in vain.

The uncorrected splendour to sustain:

Unable longer such bright rays to meet.

I dy'd beneath the load, at the great vision's seet.

But he that doth the springs of life contain.

Breath'd back my soul, and bid me live again,

And thus began, but oh, with such an air;

As nothing but a pow'r divine had made me hear.

From an unviewable Eternity

I was, I am, and must for ever be

Once dead, but now an endless life I gain,

And over Death and Hell triumphant reign.

FINIS.

